MP502 1...4 GHz Gain Block Amplifier



- small signal gain 18...20 dB
- output power (P1dB) 13 dBm
- low noise figure
- input/output return loss <-12 dB

Application

- telecommunications
- radars
- test and measurement equipment

The MP502 is a monolithic integrated circuit of microwave buffer amplifier based on the GaAs pHEMT technological process with a topological norm of 0.25 μ m.

Electrical Specifications (T = 25 °C, Idd = 80 mA)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
ΔF	Frequency range	1	—	4	GHz
G	Gain	18	—	20	dB
RL	Return loss	12	—	—	dB
NF	Noise figure	—	—	4,5	dB
P1dB	Output power at 1dB compression point	13	—	—	dBm
1	Current	—	_	90	mA
VDD	Supply voltage	—	5	—	V

Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Value	Unit
Supply voltage	6	V
Operating temperature	-40+85	°C
Storage temperature	-55+125	°C

MP502

Typical characteristics (Vdd1 = Vdd2 = +5 V, T = 25 °C, Idd = 80 mA)



Insertion Gain



Noise Figure



Output Return Loss



Output P1dB



Reverse Isolation



Mechanical data



- Chip size 1500×2500 μm (before wafer dicing), thickness 100 μm;
- Bond pad dimensions are shown in the bond pad center;
- RF pads are 100 × 100 μm.

Pad number	Pad ID	Description
1	RF IN	RF Input
2,3	VD1,VD2	Drain bias for LNA
4	RF OUT	RF Output

Application notes

Mounting

The chip is back-metallized and can be die mounted with AuSn eutectic preforms or with electrically conductive epoxy. The mounting surface should be clean and flat. The 50 Ohm Microstrip transmission lines on 0.127mm thick alumina thin film substrates are recommended for bringing RF to and from the chip (Figure 1). One way to accomplish this is to attach the 0.102 mm thick die to a 0.150 mm thick molybdenum heat spreader (molytab) which is then attached to the ground plane (Figure 2). Microstrip substrates should be located as close to the die as possible in order to minimize bond wire length. Typical die-to-substrate spacing is 0.1mm.

Wire Bonding

A recommendation for RF pads (1 and 4) is one wire: diameter 25 μ m, length 450 μ m. The recommendation for DC and control pads (2 to 3) is one wire: diameter 25 μ m, length 700 - 1000 μ m.

Bias Arrangement

The pads VD1 and VD2 need to have DC bypass capacitances of 100pF as close to the device as possible.







Figure 2.

Recommended ESD Management

This device is susceptible to electrostatic and mechanical damage. Dies are supplied in antistatic containers, which should be opened in cleanroom conditions at an appropriately grounded antistatic workstation. Devices need careful handling using correctly designed collets, vacuum pickups or, with care, sharp tweezers.

